| Coast Salish & Land Based Resource Give Away<br>Developed by Dr. Amy Parent, Carolyn Roberts (SFU Lecturer & PhD Student)<br>& O. Winslow Edwards (SFU Master of Public Health Alumni)   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | Stó:lō Nation Books, Chapters & Curriculum   |  |
|  | Archibald, J. (2020). Indigenous Storywork Website.  |  |
| R<br>Applying Indigenous<br>Descent Methods<br>Descent and Descent and Descent<br>Descent and Descent  | https://indigenousstorywork.com/<br>Archibald, J. & Parent, A. (2019) Hands Back, Hands Forward for Indigenous<br>Storywork as Methodology. In Sweeney Windchief and Tim San Pedro's (Eds)<br><i>Applying Indigenous Research Methods: Peoples and Communities</i> . New York:<br>Routledge. |  |
| MEMORY   | Archibald, J. (2018). Indigenous Storytelling in P. Tortell, M. Turin, & M. Young (Eds) <i>Memory</i> , (pp. 233-242). Published by the Peter Wall Institute for Advanced Studies. Available through open access on JSTOR <u>https://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctvbtzpfm</u>                    |  |
| Stream d'<br>Charles de la company   | Conversations with Jo-ann Archibald about Indigenous Storywork as Pedagogy and Methodology. <u>Click to download PDF</u>   |  |
|  | Principles of Storywork in Children's Literature: Bringing Storywork into the Classroom. <u>Click to download PDF</u>  |  |
| Indigenous<br>Storywork  | Archibald, J. (2008). <i>Indigenous Storywork: Educating the heart, mind, body &amp; spirit.</i> Vancouver: UBC Press. Available on-line through SFU library.  |  |
| REST REVIEWS REGISTER  | Archibald et al (1997). First Nations Journeys of Justice Curriculum (Grades 1-<br>7). The Justice Education Society has posted, the complete teacher guides for<br>grades 1-7 (free of charge), which includes the Indigenous stories: <u>First Nations</u><br>Journeys of Justice          |  |
| Tam Stolids  | Carlson, K., McHalsie, S. (1998). I am Stó:lō. Madeira Park: Douglas & McIntrye.   |  |
| Being<br>Telescréveque<br>Autoreture de Maray en autoret<br>Recent de Maray en autor | Schaepe, D. (2018). Being Ts'elxwéyeqw: First Peoples' Voices and History from the Chilliwack-Fraser Valley, British Columbia. Harbour Publishing.   |  |
| A Sto:lo-Coast Salish<br>Historical Atlas  | Carlson, K., (2001). A Sto:lo Coast Salish Historical Atlas Vancouver :<br>Douglas & McIntyre ; Seattle, WA : University of Washington Press ;<br>Chilliwack, B.C. : Stó:lō Heritage Trust   |  |

| Provide a state of the state of   | Carlson, K. (1997) . You Are Asked to Witness: The Sto: Lo in Canada's Pacific Coast History. Stolo Heritage Trust.  |
|--|--|
|  | Stó:lō Nation Websites   |
| 1013 Indigending the Carried and Project - A Tackberr Gode<br>Project - A Tac | Scheaepe, D., McHalsie, S., Victor, E. (2014). <i>SD 33 Indigenizing the Curriculum Project- A Teachers' Guide: Phase 1</i> . Sto:lo Research and Management Resource Centre.                  |
|  | Stó:lō Archives and On-line Catalogue. Retrieved from  |
|  | http://stolonation.pastperfectonline.com/  |
|  | Stó:lō Research and Management Centre (2018).<br>http://www.srrmcentre.com/cie.  |
| SQ'ÉWLET!  | Sq'éwlets: A Stó:lō Coast Salish Community In the Fraser River Valley (2016).<br>Stó:lō Research & Resource Management Centre. Retrieved from<br>http://digitalsqewlets.ca/index-eng.php.      |
|  | T'xwelátze is Finally Home:<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nSw6gWJyLW4   |
|  | <u>SIWAL SI'WES LIBRARY</u> 9000 Years of History in the Land of the River<br>People : The Stó:lō : From Time Immemorial<br>https://swswlibrary.com/culture-and-history/9000-years-of-history/ |
| You<br>Tube  | Stó:lō Past and Present https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-G2_zuWTj64  |
| vimeo  | Stó:lō Nation. (2015). Gwen Point Tells the story of Th'owxeya, the Cannibal Woman. https://vimeo.com/141123309  |
| vimeo  | Stó:lō Nation. (2015). Gwen Point on Displacement.<br>https://vimeo.com/140490732  |
| vimeo  | Stó:lō Big River. https://vimeo.com/39814425   |
| vimeo  | Stó:lō Nation. (2015). Sqewlets Skyborn and Sturgeon People Sxwōxwiyám.<br>https://vimeo.com/140279949   |
| vimeo  | Stó:lō Nation. (2015). The Story of Lhilheqey (Mount Cheam).<br>https://vimeo.com/152491783  |
|  | Stó:lō Nation Articles   |
|  | Archibald, J. & DeRose, D. (2014). Is B.C. getting it right? Moving toward aboriginal education success in British Columbia. Education Canada, 54(3), 17.                                      |
|  | Archibald, J. (2002). Editorial: Exemplary indigenous education. Canadian Journal of Native Education, 26(1), 1.   |

|   | Fortney, S. M. (2001). <i>Identifying Sto: lo basketry: exploring different ways of knowing material culture</i> (Doctoral dissertation, University of British Columbia).   |
|---|---|
|   | Friedel, T.L., Archibald, J., Big Head, R., Martin, G. & Muñoz, M (2012).<br>Editorial-Indigenous Pedagogies: Resurgence and Restoration. <i>Canadian</i><br><i>Journal of Native Education</i> , 35(1), 1.                               |
|   | Gardner, E. (2004). <i>Without Our Language We Will Cease to Exist as a Unique People</i> . <u>http://linguistics.berkeley.edu/~survey/documents/survey-reports/survey-report-14.07-</u> gardner.pdf                                      |
|   | Gardner, E. B. (2002). <i>Tset hikwstexw te sqwelteltset, we hold our language high: the meaning of Halqemelem language renewal in the everyday lives of Sto: lo people</i> (Doctoral dissertation, Simon Fraser University).             |
|   | Hallenbeck, J. W. (2019). <i>The water we call home: five generations of</i><br><i>Indigenous women's resistance along the Salish Sea</i> (Doctoral dissertation,<br>University of British Columbia).                                     |
|   | Kelly, D. (2017). Sq'ewlets: A Sto:lo-Coast Salish Community in the Fraser<br>River Valley virtual museum. BC Studies, 194, 195.  |
|   | Kenny, C., & Archibald, J. (2000). Q'epethet ye Mestiyexw, a gathering of the people. Canadian Journal of Native Education, 24(1), 1.   |
|   | Mohs, G. (1985). Spiritual sites, ethnic significance and native spirituality: the heritage and heritage sites of the Sto: lo Indians of British Columbia (Doctoral dissertation, Theses (Dept. of Archaeology)/Simon Fraser University). |
|   | Nicol, C., Archibald, J., & Baker, J. (2012). Designing a model of culturally responsive mathematics education: place, relationships and storywork. <i>Mathematics Education Research Journal</i> , <i>25</i> (1), 73–89                  |
|   | Skwxwú7mesh Nation Books  |
| en en Assente<br>Cost Sona, Coard<br>Experiento en Coard<br>Contractor en Coard<br>Contractor en Coard<br>Contractor en Coard | Alek, C., Boreham, B., Mack, T. (2017). We are all connected: Coast Salish, Coastal Rainforests and Cougars.  |
|   | Baker, W. & Tasi, M. (2015). The Hidden Journals: Captain Vancouver & His Mapmaker. Sky North Vancouver: Spirit Studio Books.   |
| Sealiya   | Jacobs, L. (2010). Sealiya. Squamish Nation Education Department.   |

|             | Rivers, K. Indigenous People and First Nations in North Vancouver: History,<br>Traditions, and Culture. Secondary Education Guide North Vancouver<br>Museum & Archives  |
|-------------|---|
|             | Indigenous Story books, S <u>k</u> wxwú7mesh (Squamish) Resources.<br>Indigenousstorybooks.ca   |
|             | <u>Conversations with Kahtsahlano:</u> Conversations with Kahtsahlano:,<br><u>https://www.vancouverarchives.ca/2012/07/27/conversations-with-khahtsahlano-is-available-online/</u>  |
|             | Indigenous History in Burnaby Resource guide. Burnaby Village Museum https://www.vancouverarchives.ca/2012/07/27/conversations-with-  |
|             | khahtsahlano-is-available-online/   |
|             | Skwxwú7mesh Nation Multimedia   |
|             | Campbell, I. (2012). Interview of Chief Ian Campbell.<br>http://digital.lib.sfu.ca/soh-37/interview_chief-ian-campbell  |
| You<br>Tube | Rivers, K. (2013) <i>Decolonizing Language Revitalization</i> . Retrieved from.,<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EcekBQceyN8   |
| INFB        | Todd, K. & Jacob, S (2009). <i>Indigenous Plant Diva</i> . Montreal: National Film Board of Canada.   |
|             | S <u>k</u> wxwú7mesh Li'lwat7úl Cultural Centre resources and information https://slcc.ca   |
| S.          | IMesh app- imesh, meaning "to walk" in Skwxwú7mesh snichim (Squamish<br>Language), is a mobile app being developed by the Bill Reid Centre for<br>Northwest Coast Studies at Simon Fraser University. The app is a response to<br>the university's Community Engagement Strategy, and its Aboriginal Strategic<br>Plan, and is intended to be a step, however small, toward decolonizing the<br>university and the surrounding landscape. |
|             | Oh The Places You Should Know: Squamish Place<br>Names <u>http://squamishatlas.com/</u>   |
| You<br>Tube | Squamish Nation Stories From the Heart Part 1,<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V87R7STwk1M&t=240s  |
| You<br>Tube | Squamish Nation Stories from the Heart Part 2,<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nx5bTAdi3yo   |
| You<br>Tube | Squamish Nation Stories from the Heart Part 3,<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iX055DIGO8g&t=80s   |
|             |   |

| You               | Squamish Nation Stories from the Heart Part 4,  |
|-------------------|---|
| Tube              | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n90pbMVk7v4&t=24s   |
| You               | Squamish Nation Stories from the Heart Part 5,  |
| Tube              | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MOsf9Ww7gIE&t=2s  |
| You               | Squamish Nation Stories from the Heart Part 6,  |
| Tube              | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VtQ7TC8Y-4k&t=3s  |
| You               | Two-Headed Serpent: A Story from the Squamish Nation  |
| Tube              | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bR7Vbq3qF0I&feature=emb_logo  |
| You               | A Proud Lineage- Squamish Nation Elder  |
| Tube              | https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=15&v=Mc_lnLBwvpo&featur   |
|                   | e=emb_logo  |
|                   | Skwxwú7mesh Nation Articles   |
|                   | Schaepe, D. M., Angelbeck, B., Snook, D., & Welch, J. R. (2017).  |
|                   | Archaeology as therapy: Connecting belongings, knowledge, time, place, and well-being. <i>Current Anthropology: A world journal of the sciences of man</i> , (4), |
|                   | 502-533.  |
|                   |   |
|                   | Reimer, R. (2018). The Social Importance of Volcanic Peaks for the Indigenous   |
|                   | Peoples of British Columbia. Journal of Northwest Anthropology, 52(1).  |
|                   |   |
|                   | Fortney, S. M. (2009). Forging new partnerships: Coast Salish communities   |
|                   | and museums (Doctoral dissertation, University of British Columbia).  |
|                   |   |
|                   | Archibald, J. A. (2001). Sharing Aboriginal knowledge and Aboriginal ways of  |
|                   | knowing. Canadian Journal of Native Education, 25(1), 1.  |
| _ <u> </u>        |   |
|                   | X <sup>w</sup> məθk <sup>w</sup> əyəm Nation Books  |
| $\langle \rangle$ | Grant, L. & Ling, S. (2013). Let's Take a Walk! Vancouver: Musqueam Indian  |
|                   | Band.   |
| $\square$         | Band, M. I. (2006). Musqueam: A living culture. Victoria, BC: CopperMoon  |
|                   | communications.   |
|                   | Х <sup>w</sup> məθk <sup>w</sup> əỳəm Nation Multimedia   |
| -                 | Audrey S. (2014). Xpeyäłp = Cedar tree / developed by the Musqueam  |
| First Nation      | Language and Culture Department.  |
|                   |   |
| <u><u></u></u>    | Burton, K. (2007). Writing the land. National Film Board of Canada. Retrieved   |
| 5 <b>7</b> 1      | from <u>https://www.nfb.ca/film/writing_land</u>  |
|                   | Musqueam Declaration. Retrieved from,   |
|                   | http://www.musqueam.bc.ca/sites/default/files/musqueam_declaration_0.pdf  |
|                   |   |

| π  | Musqueam Place Names Interactive Map. Retrieved from,   |
|--|---|
| MUSQUEAM<br>First Nation                     | http://www.musqueam.bc.ca/applications/map/index.html   |
|  | Musqueam Language Children's Books Retrieved from,  |
|  | http://www2.moa.ubc.ca/musqueamteachingkit/stories.php  |
|  | Speck, R. (2014). Slehel' = Slahal / developed by the Musqueam Language and Culture Department.   |
|  | Sparrow, D. Blanket Making as a as Mathematics and Science Practice and Pedagogy. https://vimeo.com/45859201  |
|  | Ćesna?em The City Before the City, Discover Musqueam's ancient Lnadscape<br>and Living Culture. https://museumofvancouver.ca/csnam-the-city-before-the-<br>city                                     |
| <b>Sec</b>                                   | Musqueam Place Names Interactive Map<br>http://www.musqueam.bc.ca/applications/map/index.html   |
| MUSQUEAM<br>First Nation                     | Musqueam Through Time Video Part 1<br><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FiekdmBRhoo</u>  |
| MUSQUEAM<br>First Nation                     | Musqueam Through Time Video Part 2<br><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oCt3IoAobeM</u>  |
| MUSQUEAM<br>First Nation                     | Musqueam Teaching Kit<br>http://www2.moa.ubc.ca/musqueamteachingkit/about.php   |
|  | Səlilŵəta?ł Nation  |
| ×.   | Tsleil-Waututh Nation "People of the Inlet." (2012). Tsleil Waututh.  |
| Tsleil-Waututh Nation<br>PEOPLE OF THE INLET | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=paWn3fKaLkk   |
| Tsleil-Waututh Nation<br>PEOPLE OF THE INLET | Tsleil- Wautith Nation, Our History. (2012). Tsleil Waututh.<br><u>https://twnation.ca</u>  |
|  | (Chepximiya Siyam) George, J. Tepper, L.H. (Skwetsimltexw) Joseph,<br>Willard (2017). Salish Blankets: Robes of Protection and Transformation,<br>Symbols of Wealth. Lincoln:University of Nebraska |
| dig at<br>Shares                             | George, D. (1974). My Heart Soars. Saanichton: Hancock House Publishers.  |
| My Spirit Soars                              | George, D. (1983). My Spirit Soars. Big Country Books.  |

| You<br>Tube | EMBA Indigenous Business Leadership: Angela George. (2020). SFU Beedie School of Business. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FUaNSMQrvLU</u>  |
|-------------|--|
| You<br>Tube | Welcoming Gabriel George Tsleil-Waututh Nation Climate Summit 2018.<br>(2018). Tsleil-Waututh Nation Sacred Trust Initiative.<br><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qrw-Q5CW-po</u>  |
|             | scəwadən məsteyəx <sup>w</sup> Nation  |
|             | Tsawwassen First Nations Tuesday Book Clubs. (2020, ongoing). Tsawwassen First Nation.<br>http://tsawwassenfirstnation.com/videos/   |
|             | Our Nation. (n.d.). Tsawwassen First Nation.<br>http://tsawwassenfirstnation.com/about-tfn/our-nation/   |
|             | Tsawwassen First Nation, sc̈əwaθən məsteyəx <sup>w</sup> . (2019). Tsawwassen First<br>Nation: Beginnings. http://tsawwassenfirstnation.com/wp-<br>content/uploads/2019/07/TFN_Backgrounder-Beginnings_FINAL.pdf   |
|             | Tsawwassen First Nation, scəwaθən məsteyəx <sup>w</sup> . (2019). Tsawwassen First<br>Nation: The Treaty. http://tsawwassenfirstnation.com/wp-<br>content/uploads/2019/07/TFN_Backgrounder-Treaty_FINAL.pdf  |
|             | qícôy Nation   |
|             | Pierre, P., Suttles, W. & Jenness, D. (1979). <i>Katzie Ethnographic Notes, The Faith of a Coast Salish Indian</i> . British Columbia Provincial Museum, Victoria, BC.   |
|             | Charnley, K. (2019). Embodying Indigenous Coast Salish education: travelling with Xe:ls the sister, mapping Katzie/qicəy stories and pedagogies (T). University of British Columbia. doi: 10.14288/1.0384575   |
|             | Lyons, N., Hoffmann, T., Miller, D., Huddlestan, S., Leon, R., & Squires, K. (2018). Katzie & the Wapato: An Archaeological Love Story. <i>Archaeologies: Hournal of the World Archaeological Congress</i> , 14(1), 7-29. doi: 10.1007/s11759-018-9333-2 |
|             | Katzie First Nation. (n.d.). Katzie Eco-cultural Restoration Project.<br>http://www.sccp.ca/sites/default/files/resources/documents/Katzie%20Eco-<br>cultural%20Restoration%20Brochure.pdf   |
|             | q <sup>w</sup> a:n <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup> Nation   |
|             | Kwantlen First Nation. (n.d.). Kwantlen First Nation.<br>https://www.kwantlenfn.ca   |
| You<br>Tube | Kwantlen Walking Tour. (2016). Miranda Gathercole. <u>https://youtu.be/3oJZ-YomCpw</u>   |

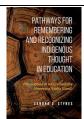
| THE<br>SASQUATCH,<br>FIRE AD<br>CEDAR<br>BASKETS<br>DEBENEARD<br>DEBENEARD<br>DEBENEARD<br>SINCH DANNERARD<br>SINCH DANNERARD | Dandurand, J. A. (2020). <i>The Sasquatch, the Fire and the Cedar Basket</i> .<br>Gibsons, BC: Nightwood Editions.  |
|---|---|
| THE HUNGITY FEAST DISH  | Dandurand, J. A. (2019). Th'owxiya: The Hungry Feast Dish. Toronto, ON: Playwrights Canada Press.   |
|   | kʷikʷəネəm Nation  |
|   | Kwikwetlem First Nation Webpage. (2020). Kwikwetlem First Nation.<br>https://www.kwikwetlem.com   |
|   | Coquitlam residents help release coho at Salmon Leave Home. (2018). Hoy-<br>Scott Watershed Society.<br><u>http://www.hoyscottcreeks.org/news/tag/Kwikwetlem+First+Nation</u>         |
| You<br>Tube   | The Rich Archaeology of Riverview, (2018). BC Housing.<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AIDqURyqoOM   |
| You<br>Tube   | Kwikwetlem First Nation dedicates canoe to Healing Spirit House, (2019). BC<br>Housing.<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=17&v=5Gq3UWpNWoY&fea<br>ture=emb_logo          |
|   | səmyámə Nation  |
|   | Interview with Joanne Charles: History of the Semiahmoo First Nation, (n.d.).<br>Semiahmoo First Nation & Surrey Schools.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/history-of-semiahmoo-fn.html |
|   | Semiahmoo Reef Net – Don Welsh, (n.d.). Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/uploads/3/0/3/5/30354089/semiahmo_reef_net_all<br>_pages.pdf  |
|   | Carving the Posts, (n.d.). Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/carving-the-posts.html   |
|   | Carving the Posts – A Visual Journey, (n.d.). Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/carving-the-posts.html  |
|   | Artist Leonard Wells – Semiahmoo First Nation – Carver Interviews, (n.d.).<br>Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/cenalien-interviews.html                                      |
|   | Joanne Charles – Semiahmoo First Nation Counselor Interviews, (n.d.).<br>Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/cenalien-interviews.html   |
|   | Interviews with Don Welsh, (n.d.). Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/cenalien-interviews.html   |

|  | Interview with Gordon Hogg, (n.d.). Cen'Alien.<br>https://cenalien.weebly.com/cenalien-interviews.html   |
|--|--|
| You<br>Tube                                    | Semiahmoo First Nation Classroom to Communities Q&A and Paddle Song, (2018). City of Surrey. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rkhKlg_0wSc   |
| You<br>Tube                                    | Semiahmoo First Nation Blackie Spit History and Flood Song, (2018). City of Surrey. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xWBDHb3yZps  |
| vimeo  | Roxanne Charles Semiahmoo First Nation Artist Canoe History, (2020).<br>https://vimeo.com/391021719  |
|  | Books on Indigenous Land Pedagogies from Indigenous Authors  |
| <text><section-header></section-header></text> | <ul> <li>Kimmerer, R. W. (2013). Braiding sweetgrass: Indigenous wisdom, scientific knowledge and the teachings of plants. Milkweed Editions.</li> <li>Braiding Sweetgrass: As a botanist, Robin Wall Kimmerer has been trained to ask questions of nature with the tools of science. As a member of the Citizen Potawatomi Nation, she embraces the notion that plants and animals are our oldest teachers. In Braiding Sweetgrass, Kimmerer brings these two lenses of</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>bidest teachers. In <i>Bratiting Sweetgrass</i>, Kninherer brings these two refises of knowledge together to take us on "a journey that is every bit as mythic as it is scientific, as sacred as it is historical, as clever as it is wise" (Elizabeth Gilbert).</li> <li>Kermoal, N., &amp; Altamirano-Jiménez, I. (Eds.). (2016). <i>Living on the land: Indigenous women's understanding of place</i>. Athabasca University Press. <i>Living on the Land</i> examines how patriarchy, gender, and colonialism have shaped the experiences of Indigenous women as both knowers and producers of knowledge. From a variety of methodological perspectives, contributors to the volume explore the nature and scope of Indigenous women's knowledge, its rootedness in relationships both human and spiritual, and its inseparability from land and landscape.</li> </ul> |
| DANCING<br>ON OUR<br>TURTLE'S<br>BACK          | Simpson, L. B. (2011). Dancing on our turtle's back: Stories of Nishnaabeg re-<br>creation, resurgence and a new emergence. Arbeiter Ring Pub<br>Dancing on our Turtles Back: Many promote Reconciliation as a "new" way for<br>Canada to relate to Indigenous Peoples. In Dancing on Our Turtle's Back:<br>Stories of Nishnaabeg Re-Creation, Resurgence, and a New<br>Emergence activist, editor, and educator Leanne Simpson asserts reconciliation<br>must be grounded in political resurgence and must support the regeneration of<br>Indigenous languages, oral cultures, and traditions of governance.  |
| A L W A Y S<br>D O N E                         | Simpson, L. B. (2017). <i>As we have always done: Indigenous freedom through radical resistance</i> . U of Minnesota Press.<br>As we have always done: Across North America, Indigenous acts of resistance have in recent years opposed the removal of federal protections for forests and waterways in Indigenous lands, halted the expansion of tar sands extraction and the pipeline construction at Standing Rock, and demanded justice for murdered and missing Indigenous women. In <i>As We Have Always Done</i> , Leanne Betasamosake Simpson locates Indigenous political resurgence as a practice rooted in uniquely Indigenous theorizing, writing, organizing, and thinking.   |



Aikenhead, G., Michell, H. (2011). Bridging Cultures Indigenous and Scientific Ways of Knowing Nature. Pearson Canada Inc., Toronto, Ontario. Bridging Culture: This book supports science teachers, teacher candidates, and science educators preparing to implement science curricula that recognize Indigenous knowledge as a foundational way to understand the physical world. Indigenous and scientific ways of knowing nature have similarities and differences, as well as strengths and limitations. By exploring these in detail based on academic scholarship, the book guides the reader in building their own cultural bridges between their scientific world and the world of an Indigenous community; bridges that lead to a culturally responsive science

classroom. These cross-cultural capabilities can be applied to multicultural classrooms in urban settings.



Styres, S. D. (2017). *Pathways for remembering and recognizing Indigenous thought in education: Philosophies of iethi'nihstenha ohwentsia'kekha (land).* University of Toronto Press. Professor Sandra Styres' *Pathways for Remembering and Recognizing* 

Professor Sandra Styres' <u>Pathways for Remembering and Recognizing</u> <u>Indigenous Thought in Education: Philosophies of Iethi'nihsténha</u>

<u>Ohwentsia'kékha (Land)</u> speaks to the ways that Indigenous traditional pedagogy and relationship to the Land informs Indigenous educational philosophy. By recognizing and engaging with the many ways that colonialism is reinforced in classrooms through the current education system, Styres works to offer a new, more inclusive philosophy that is guided by Indigenous pedagogy.

McCoy, K., Tuck, E., & McKenzie, M. (Eds.). (2017). Land Education: Rethinking pedagogies of place from Indigenous, postcolonial, and decolonizing perspectives. Routledge.



Archibald, J. Q'um Q'um Xiiem, Hare, J. (2017). *Learning Knowing Sharing: CelebratingSuccesses in K-12 Aboriginal Education*. B.C. Principals' & Vice-Principals' Association



Atleo, A. (2005). Tsawalk: A Nuu-chah-nulth Worldview. UBC Press, Vancouver, Bristish Columbia.

In *Tsawalk*, hereditary chief Umeek introduces us to an alternative indigenous worldview -- an ontology drawn from the Nuu-chah-nulth origin stories. Umeek develops a theory of "Tsawalk," meaning "one," that views the nature of existence as an integrated and orderly whole, and thereby recognizes the intrinsic relationship between the physical and spiritual.

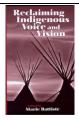


Umeek, Atleo, R. (2012). Principles of Tsawalk: An Indigenous Approach to Global Crisis. UBC Press, Vancouver, British Columbia. Tsawalk: In Nuu-chah-nulth, the word *tsawalk* means "one." It expresses the view that all living things – humans, plants, and animals – form part of an integrated whole brought into harmony through constant negotiation and mutual respect for the other. Contemporary environmental and political crises, however, reflect a world out of balance, a world in which Western approaches for sustainable living are not working.

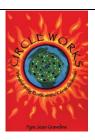


Battiste, M., & Youngblood, J. (2000). Protecting Indigenous knowledge and *heritage: A global challenge*. UBC Press.

Protecting Indigenous Knowledge and Heritage: Whether the approximately 500 million Indigenous Peoples in the world live in Canada, the United States, Australia, India, Peru, or Russia, they have faced a similar fate at the hands of colonizing powers. That has included assaults on their language and culture, commercialization of their art, and use of their plant knowledge in the development of medicine, all without consent, acknowledgement, or benefit to them.



Battiste, M. (2011). Reclaiming Indigenous voice and vision. UBC press. Reclaiming Indigenous Voice and Vision: This book seeks to clarify postcolonial Indigenous thought beginning at the new millennium. It represents the voices of the first generation of global Indigenous scholars and converges those voices, their analyses, and their dreams of a decolonized world. -- Marie Battiste, Author.



Graveline, F. J. (1998) Circle Works: Transforming Eurocentric Consciousness. Halifax, N.S: Fernwood Publishing. This book is intended to contribute to both the theoretical debate and classroom practice in the field of education. It explores the legitimacy of Aboriginal, holistic paradigms within some of the diverse frameworks available to educators: experiential learning, feminist and anti-racist pedagogies are emphasized. It documents an effort to interrupt current Aboriginal/European power relations by evolving an alternative Aboriginal teaching model and enacting it within university classrooms. This work reflects an understanding that all sites must be engaged as potentially emancipatory.



Johnson, E. P. (1920). Legends of Vancouver. McClelland & Stewart Publishers, Toronto, ON.

https://archive.org/stream/legendsofvancouv00johnrich#page/n7/mode/2up



## Articles and Dissertations on Indigenous Land Based Pedagogy

Battiste, M., & Henderson, J. S. Y. (2009). Naturalizing Indigenous knowledge in Eurocentric education. Canadian Journal of Native Education, 32(1), 5-18,129–130.



Donald, D. (2009). Forts, curriculum, and Indigenous Métissage: Imagining decolonization of Aboriginal-Canadian relations in educational contexts. First *Nations Perspectives*, 2(1), 1-24.



Donald, D. (2012). Indigenous Métissage: A decolonizing research sensibility. International Journal of Qualitative Studies in Education, 25(5), 533-555.

| Donald, D. T. (2009). The curricular problem of Indigenousness: Colonial frontier logics, teacher resistances, and the acknowledgment of ethical space. In <i>Beyond 'Presentism'</i> (pp. 23-41). Brill Sense.   |
|---|
| Friedel, T. L. (2011). Looking for learning in all the wrong places: urban<br>Native youths' cultured response to Western-oriented place-based learning.<br><i>International Journal of Qualitative Studies in Education</i> , 24(5), 531-546.                |
| Haig-Brown, Celia (2010). Indigenous Thought, Appropriation, and Non-<br>Aboriginal People.Canadian Journal of Education. 33, (4), pp. 925–950  |
| Huntley, B. (1998). Plants and medicines: An Aboriginal way of teaching. In L. A. Stiffarm, &A. J. Stiffarm (Eds.), <i>As we see: Aboriginal pedagogy</i> , 29-48. Saskatoon: UniversityExtension Press.  |
| Jacobs, D. (2016). Skwxwú7mesh Nách'en: Xwech'shí7 tl'a Nexwnínew iy<br>Snewíyelh<br>Squamish Praxis the interspace of Upbringing and the Teachings. <i>Doctoral</i><br><i>Dissertation</i><br>http://summit.sfu.ca/item/16887                                |
| Marker, M. (2011). Teaching history from an Indigenous perspective: Four winding paths upthe mountain. <i>In P. Clark (Ed.), New perspectives on the past: Teaching and learninghistory in Canada (pp. 97-112).</i> Vancouver: UBC Press.                     |
| Simpson, Leanne Betasamosake. "Land as pedagogy: Nishnaabeg intelligence<br>and rebellious transformation." <i>Decolonization: Indigeneity, Education &amp;</i><br><i>Society</i> 3.3 (2014): 1-25.   |
| Wildcat, Matthew, et al. "Learning from the land: Indigenous land based pedagogy and decolonization." <i>Decolonization: Indigeneity, Education &amp; Society</i> 3.3 (2014).   |
| Zinga, Dawn, and Sandra Styres. (2011). "Pedagogy of the land: Tensions, challenges, and contradictions." <i>First Nations Perspectives</i> 4.1 (2011): 59-83.  |
| Other Related Websites & Videos   |
| Wclslibraries. (January 2018) People-Teachings of the Tree People. Youtube:<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=1&v=u2SaRE8Sy6g&feature<br>=emb_   |
| Learn Alberta,(2009). Talking Together, a discussion guide for <i>Walking</i><br><i>Together: First Nations, Métis and Inuit Perspectives in</i><br><i>Curriculum</i> , <u>https://www.learnalberta.ca/content/aswt/talkingtogether/index.htm</u><br><u>1</u> |
| Williams, L. (2008). Lil'wat Principles.<br>https://sites.google.com/site/lulwatprinciples/home   |
| <br>Matthews, M. J. S. (2011, 1933). Early Vancouver: Volume Two: Indian Villages and Landmarks.  |

|  | http://former.vancouver.ca/ctyclerk/archives/digitized/earlyvan/searchearlyvan/<br>Vol2pdf/MatthewsEarlyVancouverVol2_IndianVillagesLandmarks.pdf  |
|--|--|
|  | Land Bases Programs Available in Coast Salish Territories  |
| UBC Geering Up<br>Engineering Outresch | Land Based Programming, UBC Geering Up Engineering Outreach:<br>https://geeringup.apsc.ubc.ca/community-outreach/programming/land-based-<br>programming/   |
|  | Takaya Tours: Tour the calm and scenic waters of Indian Arm by canoe or<br>kayak and experience the culture, tradition and history of the Tsleil-Waututh<br>First Nation. Our 25 foot traditional style ocean-going canoes will safely take<br>you on an unforgettable journey across our waters and back through time.<br>While you explore the rich marine coastlines of Indian Arm, our experienced<br>guides will share legends, songs, and stories that will help you to create<br>memories that will last a lifetime!<br>https://takayatours.com |
|  | Talaysay Tours offers you an authentic Aboriginal cultural and eco-tourism<br>experiences in and around Vancouver, Squamish and the Sunshine Coast. Our<br>First Nation guides will share ancient and contemporary stories, legends, and   |

experiences in and around Vancouver, Squamish and the Sunshine Coast. Our First Nation guides will share ancient and contemporary stories, legends, and our Aboriginal ways of living as we take in the sights of old growth forests, wildlife, beautiful northwest coast views and the flora and fauna of the season. Join us as we share our knowledge, and delve into the rich history and landmarks of our remarkable west coast. https://talaysay.com



Aboriginal & Eco Tours: Providing uniquely Native outdoor Cultural tours in Vancouver area that promote wellness and memorable experiences that will last a life time. https://www.aboriginalecotours.com



Squamish Lil'wat Cultural Centre: Step into the Great Hall and instantly feel amazed by towering spindles, longhouse posts and grand canoes as your heart beats in time to drumming and a traditional welcome song performed by the Coastal Mountain Squamish (Skwxu7mesh Úxumixw) and Lil'wat (L'il'wat7úl) people in Whistler, B.C. Explore the Squamish Lil'wat Cultural Centre's (SLCC) museum treasures: exquisitely crafted masks, tools, instruments and clothing, both ancient and contemporary. Hear elders' myths and legends. Take a guided forest walk. Explore a Squamish longhouse and a Lil'wat pit house. Create your own cedar rope bracelet. https://slcc.ca/experience/



Vancouver Museum: Haida Now Visual Feast, The city before the City, Acts of Resistance. https://museumofvancouver.ca



Cheakamus Centre: Indigenous Cultural programs: https://cheakamuscentre.ca/programs/indigenous-cultural-programs



*Knowing the Land Beneath Our Feet (KLBF):* presents a very different account of the history than what most people living and working on the University of British Columbia (UBC) Point Grey campus otherwise might assume. Using digital mapping technologies, *KLBF* makes familiar UBC spaces unfamiliar for students, instructors, faculty, staff, and visitors by reaffirming the living Indigenous and Musqueam cultures, histories, and relations on the Point Grey Campus. https://fnis.arts.ubc.ca/research-resources/knowing-the-land-beneathour-feet/



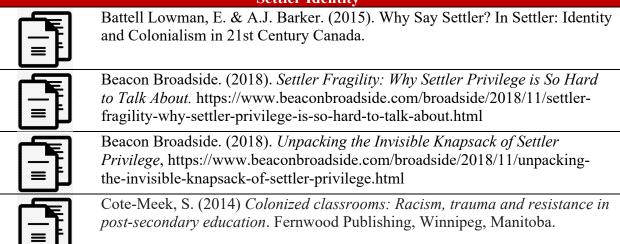
Nati Native Education College Long House Tours: The NEC's longhouse was built Educ in 1985 with the design concept based on West Coast philosophy Coll that encompasses traditional values. The totem pole was carved by the wellknown Northwest Coast Carver, Norman Tait. Community member gathered at the pole raising ceremony, which signifies the house of learning for Indigenous learners in Metro Vancouver. http://www.necvancouver.org/aboutus/longhouse-tours-rentals

Stanley Park Eco Society: Public Walks: Indigenous Plant Use Walk through the forest with an experienced educator of Coast Salish descent and learn about the traditional and present-day indigenous relationships with local flora and fauna. While there will be no collecting on these walks, Stanley Park offers a perfect setting to learn about sustainable harvesting. Join us on this educational walk to nurture yourself with nature.



Stó:lō territory is a cultural treasure within the Fraser Valley and into the Canyon, surrounded by majestic mountains and centred around the Fraser River. Discover the stories and Hal'qeméylem place names. You can view cultural artifacts, hear our oral history that supports our Stó:lō traditions, visit our newly renovated interpretive centre and learn about our history and region, visit our longhouse, walk through the Coqualeetza grounds and explore our newly installed educational kiosks, shop and enjoy traditional artwork, and meet the people. Source: http://www.stolotourism.com

## **Settler Identity**



| Donald, D. T. (2009). Forts, curriculum, and Indigenous Métissage: Imagining decolonization of Aboriginal-Canadian relations in educational contexts. <i>First Nations Perspectives 2</i> (1),pp 1-24. http://www.mfnerc.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/11/004_Donald.pdf   |
|--|
| DiAngelo, R. (2018) <i>White fragility: Why it's so hard for white people to talk about racism</i> . Beacon Press. Boston, Massachusetts.  |
| Dorries, H., Henry, R., Hugill, D., McCreary, T., & Tomiak, J. (Eds.). (2019). <i>Settler city limits: Indigenous resurgence and colonial violence in the urban prairie west</i> . Univ. of Manitoba Press.  |
| Ermine, Willie (2007). The Ethical Space of Engagement. <i>Indigenous Law Journal</i> 6, pp.193-203  |
| Heaslip, R. (2017). From Xwelítem Ways Towards Practices of Ethical Being<br>in Stó:lō Téméxw:<br>A Narrative Approach to Transforming Intergenerational White Settler<br>Subjectivities.<br>(Unpublished doctoral dissertation), Victoria: University of Victoria.<br>https://dspace.library.uvic.ca/bitstream/handle/1828/8930/Heaslip_Robyn_PhD<br>_2017.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y |
| <ul> <li>Phung, M. (2011). Are people of colour Settlers too? In A. Mathur, J. Dewar &amp; M. DeGagne(Eds.) Cultivating Canada: Reconciliation through the lens of cultural diversity. Ottawa: <u>Aboriginal Healing Foundation. Retrieve</u><br/>at: <u>http://www.ahf.ca/downloads/cultivating canada-pdf.pdf</u></li> </ul>   |
| Root, E. (2015). Conceptualizing Settler Decolonizing Processes: Shifting<br>Settler Educators towards respectful relationality with Indigenous Peoples.   |
| Sensoy, O., DiAngelo, R. (2017) Is everyone really equal?: An introduction to key concepts in social justice education. Teachers College Press, New York, New York.  |
| Sensoy, O., DiAngelo, R. (2018) <i>Reading Guide: White Fragility, Why Is It SO Hard For White People to Talk About Racism?</i> Beacon Press, Boston, MA. https://www.beacon.org/assets/pdfs/whitefragilityreadingguide.pdf  |
| <br>Tuck, E. (2014) The Henceforward. http://www.thehenceforward.com   |
| Regan, P. (2010). Unsettling the settler within: Indian residential schools, truth telling, and reconciliation in Canada. UBC Press, Vancouver, British  |



*telling, and reconciliation in Canada*. UBC Press, Vancouver, British Columbia.